





Haemophilus influenzae (BLNAR) – acute pneumonia

Procedure Summary

- Immunocompetent New Zealand rabbits
- H. influenzae 401285, beta-lactamase negative strain, non typable
- Intra-tracheal challenge (10^10 CFU)
- Adjuvant: 2% agar solution
- Reference compounds: Amoxicillin / Clavulanate acid (conventional formulation or Slow Release formulation)
- Simulated human dosing (PK) for 48h

Experimental readouts

- Bacterial load in lung tissue and spleen
- Weight loss, food intake
- Fever
- Clinical disease severity score
- Morbidity and mortality
- Gross pathology of lungs
- Detection of resistant mutants

Optional Services

- Broncho Alveolar Lavage Fluid
- Histology
- Cytokine and chemokine analysis
- Immune cell counts

Reference

 Croisier et al., Scand J Infect Dis, 2007 « Efficacy of human-like Augmentin SR (2000/125 mg) twice daily treatment on Haemophilus influenzae experimental pneumonia in rabbits »

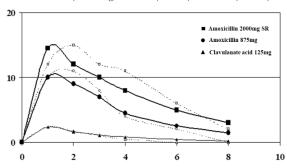
Animal Welfare

 Each experimental protocol is approved by the local ethics committee for animal experimentation of Grand Campus Dijon (Burgundy, France) and performed in accordance to the current recommendations of the European Institute of Health EU Directive 86/609.

Facilities

 These assays are performed at our BSL2 laboratory / zootechnical center in Dijon, France

Serum concentration (µg/mL) curves of Co-amoxiclav (875/125 mg) versus Co-amoxiclav SR (2000/125 mg) in the Rabbit (solid lines) and in Human (dash lines)



Bacterial titers in lungs of untreated and antibiotic treated rabbits infected with *Haemophilus influenzae* BLNAR.

